**M. Tech. in Mechatronics**

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| Program Learning Objectives | Program Learning Outcomes |
| Program Goal 1:  The graduates will acquire the knowledge and concepts of Mechatronics. | **Program Outcome 1:**  After completion of M-Tech in Mechatronics, the students will be able to manage and solve system-level technical problems. |
| Program Goal 2:  To provide the students an opportunity to acquire specialized skills in the area of Mechatronics. | **Program Outcome 2:**  After completion of the M-Tech in Mechatronics, the students will be able to apply their knowledge to industry as well as academic research and development. |
| Program Goal 3:  To provide the students with an opportunity to gain thorough knowledge in the areas of   * Mechatronics * Robotics and automation, * Aircraft engineering, * Computer-aided design, etc. | **Program Outcome 3:**  The M-Tech Program in Mechatronics will impart the training to the students to become leaders in the cutting-edge areas of Mechatronics. |

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **SEMESTER I** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | HS5111 | Technical Writing and Soft Skill | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 2. | MH5101 | Fundamentals of Mechatronics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | MH5102 | Mechatronics Lab – I | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |
| 4. | ME5101 | Advanced Engineering Mathematics | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 5. | EC5105 | Embedded System | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 6. | XX51PQ/  XX61PQ | DE–I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 7. | XX61PQ | DE–II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 8. | XX61PQ | IDE | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|  | **TOTAL** |  | **19** | **3** | **7** | **25.5** |

**IDE (Inter Disciplinary electives)** in the curriculum aims to create multitasking professionals/ scientists with learning opportunities for students across disciplines/aptitude of their choice by opting level (5 or 6) electives, as appropriate, listed in the approved curriculum.

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **SEMESTER II** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | MH5201 | Sensors and Actuators | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | MH5202 | Modeling and Simulation of Mechatronic Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | MH5203 | Mechatronics Lab – II | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |
| 4. | XX62PQ | DE-III | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5. | XX62PQ | DE-IV | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6. | XX52PQ/  XX62PQ | DE-V | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 7. | RM6201 | Research Methodology | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 8. | IK6201 | IKS | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|  | **TOTAL** | | **21** | **1** | **3** | **23.5** |

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **SEMESTER III** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | MH6198 | Summer Internship / Mini Project\* | 0 | 0 | 12 | 3 |
| 2. | MH6199 | Project I\*\* | 0 | 0 | 30 | 15 |
|  | **TOTAL** |  | **0** | **0** | **42** | **18** |

**\*Note: Summer Internship (Credit based)**

(i) Summer internship (\*) period of at least 60 days’ (8 weeks) duration begins in the intervening summer vacation between Semester II and III. It may be pursued in industry / R&D / Academic Institutions including IIT Patna. The evaluation would comprise **combined grading based on host supervisor evaluation, project internship report after plagiarism check and seminar presentation at the Department (DAPC to coordinate)** with equal weightage of each of the three components stated herein.

(ii) Further, on return from 60 days internship, students will be evaluated for internship work through combined grading based on host supervisor evaluation, project internship report after plagiarism check, and presentation evaluation by the parent department with equal weightage of each component.

\*\* **Note: M. Tech. Project outside the Institute:** A project-based internship may be permitted in industries/academia (outside IITP) in 3rd or 4th semester in accordance with academic regulations. In the IIIrd Semester, students can opt for a semester long M. Tech. project subject to confirmation from an Institution of repute for research project, on the assigned topic at any external Institution (Industry / R&D lab / Academic Institutions) based on recommendation of the DAPC provided:

(i.) The project topic is well defined in objective, methodology and expected outcome through an abstract and statement of the student pertaining to expertise with the proposed supervisor of the host institution and consent of the faculty member from the concerned department at IIT Patna as joint supervisor.

(ii.) The consent of both the supervisors (external and institutional) on project topic is obtained a priori and forwarded to the academic section through DAPC for approval by the competent authority for office record in the personal file of the candidate.

(iii.) Confidentiality and Non Disclosure Agreement (NDA) between the two organizations with clarity on intellectual property rights (IPR) must be executed prior to initiating the semester long project assignment and committing the same to external organization and vice versa.

(iv.) The evaluation in each semester at Institute would be mandatory and the report from Industry Supervisor will be given due weightage as defined in the Academic Regulation. Further, the final assessment of the project work on completion will be done with equal weightage for assessment of the host and Institute supervisors, project report after **plagiarism check.** The award of grade would comprise **combined assessment based on host supervisor evaluation, project report quality and seminar presentation at the Department (DAPC to coordinate)** with equal weightage of each of the components stated herein.

(v.) In case of poor progress of work and / or no contribution from external supervisor, the student need to revert back to the Institute essentially to fulfill the completion of M. Tech. project as envisaged at the time of project allotment. However, the recommendation of DAPC based on progress report and presentation would be mandatory for a final decision by the competent authority.

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **SEMESTER IV** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | MH6299 | Project II | 0 | 0 | 42 | 21 |
|  | **TOTAL** |  | **0** | **0** | **42** | **21** |

# Total Credit from Semester I to IV - 88

**ELECTIVE GROUPS**

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| **Department Elective - I** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6105 | Acoustics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6106 | [Mobile Robotics](#Mobile_Robotics) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | ME6107 | [Digital Manufacturing and Industry 4.0](#Digital_Manuf) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | EC5114 | Advanced Digital Image Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Department Elective - II** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6103 | Continuum Mechanics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6109 | [Vehicle Dynamics and Multi-body Systems](#Vehicle_Dynamics_and_Multi_body_Systems) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | EC6104 | VLSI Signal Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Department Elective - III** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6208 | [Robot Motion Planning](#Robot_Motion_Planning) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6209 | [Non-linear Systems Dynamics](#Nonlinear_System_Dynamics) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | ME6215 | Computer Numerical Controlled Machine Tools | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Department Elective - IV** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6206 | Microfluidics and Microsystems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6210 | [Robotics: Advanced Concepts & Analysis](#Robotics_Advanced_Concepts_and_Analysis) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Department Elective - V** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | EC5205 | Patterns Recognition and Machine Learning | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | EC6208 | Generative AI for Video Surveillance System | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**Interdisciplinary Elective (IDE) Course for M. Tech. (Available to students other than ME)**

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **IDE** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
|  | ME6113 | Soft Computing Application in Engineering | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **SEMESTER I** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | HS5111 | Technical Writing and Soft Skill | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 2. | MH5101 | Fundamentals of Mechatronics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | MH5102 | Mechatronics Lab – I | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |
| 4. | ME5101 | Advanced Engineering Mathematics | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 5. | EC5105 | Embedded System | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 6. | XX51PQ/  XX61PQ | DE–I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 7. | XX61PQ | DE–II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 8. | XX61PQ | IDE | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|  | **TOTAL** |  | **19** | **3** | **7** | **25.5** |

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| Course Number | **MH5101** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr: 3-1-0-4 |
| Course Title | **Fundamentals of Mechatronics** |
| Learning Mode | Lectures |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1-3.  This course concerns the synergistic application of mechanics, electronics, controls, and computer engineering in the development of electromechanical products and systems through an integrated design approach. A mechatronic system will require a multidisciplinary approach for its modelling, design, development, and implementation. In the traditional development of an electromechanical system, the mechanical components and electrical components are designed or selected separately and then integrated, possibly with other components and hardware and software. In contrast, in the mechatronic approach, the entire electromechanical system is treated concurrently in an integrated manner by a multidisciplinary team of engineers and other professionals. Naturally, a system formed by interconnecting a set of independently designed and manufactured components will have a lower level of performance than that of a mechatronic system, which employs an integrated approach for design, development, and implementation. Through this course fundamentals behind the mechatronics approach shall be detailed and discussed. |
| Course Description | This course is designed to fulfil the introductory assessment of different electronics devices as well as different mechanical drives related to Mechatronics applications.  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | Module I**:** Introduction: Definition of Mechatronics, Mechatronics in manufacturing, Products, and design. Comparison between Traditional and Mechatronics approach  Module II: Review of fundamentals of electronics. Data conversion devices, sensors, microsensors, transducers, signal processing devices, relays, contactors and timers. Microprocessors, Microcontrollers and PLCs.  Module III: Review of fundamentals of mechanical components: Drives: stepper motors, servo drives. Ball screws, linear motion bearings, cams, systems controlled by camshafts, electronic cams, indexing mechanisms, tool magazines, transfer systems  Module IV: Modelling of simple mechanical and electric systems; Building up transfer functions of dynamic systems; Block diagram analysis; Introduction to open and closed loop systems; Dynamic responses of first order and second order systems; Input signals, system stability and dynamic errors; PID Controller design and system improvement. |
| Learning Outcome | After attending this course, the following outcome can be expected   * Comparison between Traditional and Mechatronics approach shall be found. * Different electronics devices e.g., data conversion devices, sensors, microsensors, transducers, signal processing devices, relays, contactors and timers. Microprocessors controllers and PLCs shall be detailed. * Different mechanical drives: stepper motors, servo drives. Ball screws, linear motion bearings, cams, systems controlled by camshafts, electronic cams, indexing mechanisms, tool magazines, transfer systems shall be discussed. * PID controllers. CNC machines and part programming. Industrial Robotics shall be introduced. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination (20%), End Semester Examination (40%), Class Test (10%) & Quiz (10%), Assignment (20%). |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text Books:**   1. HMT Ltd. Mechatronics, Tata Mcgraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1988. 2. G.W. Kurtz, J.K. Schueller, P.W. Claar II, Machine design for mobile and industrial applications, SAE, 1994. 3. T.O. Boucher, Computer automation in manufacturing - an Introduction, Chappman and Hall, 1996. 4. R. Iserman, Mechatronic Systems: Fundamentals, Springer, 1st Edition, 2005 5. Musa Jouaneh, Fundamentals of Mechatronics, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012 6. Clarence W. de Silva, MECHATRONICS A Foundation Course, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2010. | |

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| Course Number | **MH5102** |
| Course Credit | **0-0-3-1.5** |
| Course Title | **Mechatronics Laboratory-I** |
| **Course Learning Objective:**  Complies with PLOs 1-3.   * This laboratory course will introduce students to the basic practical skills of mechatronics like analog and digital signals, microprocessor and microcontroller programming, hydraulics, pneumatics, etc.   **Course Learning Outcome:**   * After completing this laboratory course, the students will be able to understand the practical aspects of the concepts taught in the theory course Fundamentals of Mechatronics. * After completing this laboratory course, the students will be equipped with practical skills for Mechatronics Lab-II course.   Prerequisite: NIL  **Syllabus:**  Demonstration of mechatronics hardwares; servo- position and velocity control; process control; basic programming using microprocessor/microcontroller; ADC and DAC interfacing with microcontroller/microprocessor; machine condition monitoring; development of multiple sensor fusion; image based navigation and control of robot; control of non-linear systems; machine vision inspection and image surveillance; mini-projects on mechatronic system design. | |

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| Course Number | **ME5101** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-C: 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Advanced Engineering Mathematics** |
| Learning Mode | Hybrid |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1-4.   * This course aims to train the students with the basic and advanced mathematical tools required to solve engineering problems. * Showcase the utility of mathematics towards the analysis of real-world engineering problems. |
| Course Description | This course is designed to fulfil the need for basic and advanced mathematics concepts often used in real-life engineering problems.  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | Linear Algebra: Matrix algebra; basis, dimension and fundamental subspaces; solvability of Ax = b by direct Methods; orthogonality and QR transformation; eigenvalues and eigenvectors, similarity transformation, singular value decomposition, Fourier series, Fourier Transformation, FFT.  Vector Algebra & Calculus: Basic vector algebra; curves; grad, div, curl; line, surface and volume integral, Green’s theorem, Stokes’s theorem, Gauss-divergence theorem.  Differential Equations: ODE: homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations, Wronskian, Laplace transform, series solutions, Frobenius method, Sturm-Liouville problems; PDE: separation of variables and solution by Fourier Series and Transformations, PDE with variable coefficient.  Numerical Technique: Numerical integration and differentiation; Methods for solution of Initial Value Problems, finite difference methods for ODE and PDE; iterative methods: Jacobi, Gauss-Siedel, and successive over-relaxation.  Complex Number Theory: Analytic function; Cauchy’s integral theorem.  Statistical Methods: Descriptive statistics and data analysis, correlation and regression, probability distribution. |
| Learning Outcome | * This course would enable the students to solve the mathematical governing equations of engineering problems**.** * The students would be able to realise the connection of Mathematics with Physics and Engineering. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class test & quiz, Assignment, Class Performance and Viva |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text Books:**   1. H. Kreyszig, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Wiley, (2006). 2. Gilbert Strang, “Linear Algebra and Its Applications”, 4th edition, Thomson Brooks/Cole, India (2006). 3. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, “Complex Variables and Applications”, McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., New York (2004). 4. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, “Fourier Series and Boundary Value Problems”, McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., New York (2009). 5. G. F. Simmons, “Differential Equations with Applications and Historical Notes”, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, India (2003). 6. S. L. Ross, “Differential Equations” 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., India (2004). 7. K. S. Rao, “Introduction to Partial Differential Equations”, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd (2005). 8. R. Courant and F. John, “Introduction to Calculus and Analysis, Volume I and II”, Springer-Verlag, New York, Inc. (1989). 9. K. Atkinson and W. Han, “Elementary Numerical Analysis” 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., India (2004). 10. R. A. Johnson and G. K. Bhattacharya, “Statistics, Principles and Methods”, Wiley (2008). 11. Michael D Greenberg, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 2nd Edition, Pearson (1998). 12. R.K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics” 4th Edition, Narosa; 1st Edition (2002). | |

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| **Course Number** | **EC5105** |
| **Course Credit** | **L-T-P-C: 3-0-2-4** |
| **Course Title** | **Embedded System** |
| **Learning Mode** | Lectures and Labs |
| **Learning Objectives** | Complies with Program Goals 1, 2, 3 and 4 |
| **Course Description** | Embedded Systems focus on the design and integration of hardware and software in specialized computing systems. The course explores real-time operating systems, microcontrollers, and applications in various domains. |
| **Course Outline** | Introduction to the Embedded systems, Basics of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Embedded System models and Development Cycle, Embedded system design constraints  Sensors, Actuators, Embedded processor and memory architecture, Analog to Digital (A/D) convertors, D/A convertors  Introduction to different processors, Arduino-Architecture, communication, Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)-configurable logic blocks, ARM Processor- Architecture, Instruction Set, Pipelining, Interfacing, Pulse Width Modulation  Communication Interfaces: Serial and Parallel communication, Onboard Communication Interfaces (UART, SPI, I2C) and External Communication Interfaces (IR, Wireless-Bluetooth, Wireless LAN, USB, Ethernet etc.),  Introduction to Embedded OS and RTOS, Task scheduling-clock-driven and event-driven, RMA and EDF scheduling, Voltage Scheduling, priority inversion, inheritance and ceiling protocol, Multi-tasking  State Charts, Finite State Machines, Hierarchical state machines, Program State Machines, Specification and description language (SDL), Embedded system analysis and verification. |
| **Learning Outcomes** | Complies with PLOs 1a, 1b, 2 and 3a |
| **Assessment Method** | Quizzes/Assignments, Mid Sem, and End Sem |
| **Suggested Readings** | **Text/References**  1. P. Marwedel: Embedded System Design, Springer, ISBN978-3-319-56045-8,2018.  2. G.C.Buttazzo:HardReal-Time Computing Systems. Springer Verlag, ISBN978-1-4614-0676-1, 2011.  3. Peter Marwedel, “Embedded System Design: Embedded Systems Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems”, Springer, 2011.  4. Edward A.Lee and Sanjit A .Seshia: Introduction to Embedded Systems, A Cyber-Physical Systems Approach, Second Edition, MIT Press, ISBN978-0-262-53381-2,2017.  5. M.Wolf: Computers as Components–Principles of Embedded System Design. Morgan Kaufman Publishers , ISBN978-0-128-05387-4,2016.  6. Mazidi & Mazidi, “8051MicrocontrollerandEmbeddedSystems” Steve Furber,―ARM System-On-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson Publisher,2015.  7. Shibu K V, ―Introduction to Embedded Systems‖, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2009.  8. Steve Furber, ― ARM System-On-Chip Architecture‖, Second Edition, Pearson Publisher, 2015.  9. N. Sloss, D. Symes, and C. Wright, "ARM system developer's guide: Designing and optimizing and system software", Elsevier, 2008. |

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| **Department Elective - I** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6105 | Acoustics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6106 | [Mobile Robotics](#Mobile_Robotics) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | ME6107 | [Digital Manufacturing and Industry 4.0](#Digital_Manuf) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | EC5114 | Advanced Digital Image Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| Course Number | **ME6105** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr: 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Acoustics** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 3 and 4  This course aims to develop an understanding of (a) The basics of the phenomenon of Acoustics (b) Mathematical modelling of the linear phenomenon (c) Application of the models for understanding basic acoustics systems such as Resonators, Filters and Ducts etc. (d) Understanding of Environmental acoustics, Community noise, Architectural noise, Underwater acoustics etc |
| Course Description | To provide the concepts of acoustics and its applications in wide range of engineering problems.  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | Acoustics: Objective-Understanding of Vibration, Sound, Noise. Mathematical basics for Acoustics- PDE, Vectors, divergence (Greens) theorem, Stokes theorem, Signal processing. Development of Wave equation, Helmholtz equation. Acoustic wave equation- Plane waves, Acoustic -Power, Intensity & measurement. Transmission, Absorption and attenuation of sound waves in fluids, Spherical Waves, monopole, dipole, quadropole and piston radiator. Radiation and Reception of Acoustic waves. Active sound control Pipes, Cavities, Waveguides, Resonators, Filters and Ducts- Plane Waves, energy dissipation, finite amplitudes and transmission phenomena, horn radiator, mufflers, silencers Noise, signal detection, hearings and Speech-Noise spectrum and band level, combining band levels and Tones, Detecting signal in noise, Detection threshold, Ear-Thresholds, Equal loudness level contours, Critical bandwidth, Masking Loudness level, Pitch and frequency Environmental Acoustics- weighted Sound levels, Speech interference, Criteria for Community noise, Highway noise, Aircraft noise rating, Hearing loss, Legislations for Noise control Architectural acoustics, Reverberation time, Sound Absorption materials, Direct and Reverberant Live rooms, Acoustic factors in design Transduction- transducers/transmitters- anti reciprocal, reciprocal. Loudspeakers, Microphones. Introduction to Underwater Acoustics. Use of standards for design. |
| Learning Outcome | Analysis of Acoustic phenomenon for modeling systems with linear acoustics  Understanding and designing systems such as mufflers, resonators, filters, ducts, loudspeakers, microphones etc.  Understanding the effect of Acoustics- Community noise, Automotive noise, Architectural acoustics etc |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination (30%), End Semester examination (50%), Class test & quiz (10%), Assignment (10%) |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text Books:**   1. Fundamental of Physical Acoustics, David T Black Stock, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2000 2. Noise and Vibration Control Engineering: Principles and Applications Leo L. Beranek, JohnWiley & Sons, Inc, 2005 3. Handbook of Noise and Vibration Control edited by Malcolm J. Crocker, John Wiley & Sons,Inc., New York, 2007. | |

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| Course Number | **ME6106** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr : 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Mobile Robotics** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1 and 4   * This course will present various aspects of design, fabrication, motion planning, and control of intelligent mobile robotic systems. * This course presents computational aspects and practical implementation issues and thereby leads to a well rounded training. |
| Course Description | This course is designed to introduce students to the concepts of Mobile Robotics. The course will provide theoretical background as well as expose the students to practical aspects of Mobile Robotics.    Prerequisite: Engineering Mathematics, Linear Algebra |
| Course Outline | **Robot locomotion:** Types of locomotion, hopping robots, legged robots, wheeled robots, stability, manoeuvrability, controllability  **Mobile robot kinematics and dynamics:** Forward and inverse kinematics, holonomic and nonholonomic constraints, kinematic models of simple car and legged robots, dynamics simulation of mobile robots  **Perception:** Proprioceptive/Exteroceptive and passive/active sensors, performance measures of sensors, sensors for mobile robots like global positioning system (GPS), Doppler effect-based sensors, vision based sensors, uncertainty in sensing, filtering  **Localization:** Odometric position estimation, belief representation, probabilistic mapping, Markov localization, Bayesian localization, Kalman localization, positioning beacon systems  **Introduction to planning and navigation:** path planning algorithms based on A-star, probabilistic roadmaps (PRM), Markov Decision Processes (MDP), and stochastic dynamic programming (SDP). |
| Learning Outcome | After completing this course, the students will be able to design and fabricate a mobile robotic platform and program it to apply learned theoretical concepts in practice. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class test & quiz, Assignment with simulation and hardware building exercises. |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text / Reference Books:**   1. R. Siegwart, I. R. Nourbakhsh, “Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots”, The MIT Press, 2011. 2. Peter Corke, Robotics, Vision and Control: Fundamental Algorithms in MATLAB, Springer Tracts in Advanced Robotics, 2011. 3. S. M. LaValle, “Planning Algorithms”, Cambridge University Press, 2006. (Available online http://planning.cs.uiuc.edu/) 4. Thrun, S., Burgard, W., and Fox, D., Probabilistic Robotics. MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, 2005. 5. Melgar, E. R., Diez, C. C., Arduino and Kinect Projects: Design, Build, Blow Their Minds, 2012. | |

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| Course Number | **ME6107** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr : 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Digital Manufacturing and Industry 4.0** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLO 1   * This course will present various aspects of digital manufacture systems and industry 4.0 with smart and connected business perspective. * This course presents data analytics for digital manufacturing and practical implementation issues for cyber physical systems and thereby leads to a well-rounded training. * This course will also give theoretical and practical knowledge on unmanned aerial vehicle or drone technology, automatic guided vehicles and collaborative robotics essential for industry 4.0 |
| Course Description | This course is designed to discuss t various aspects of digital manufacture systems and industry 4.0 with smart and connected business perspective. The course will describe required tools for cyber physical systems development. This course will also give theoretical and practical knowledge on unmanned aerial vehicle or drone technology, automatic guided vehicles and collaborative robotics essential for industry 4.0  Prerequisite: nil |
| Course Outline | Digital Manufacturing: theory and industrial applications; Project planning and project management with digital tools; Digital configuration and architecture; Digital manufacturing system modelling, simulation and analysis  Industry 4.0: Globalization and emerging issues, the fourth revolution, LEAN production systems, smart and connected business perspective, smart factories; Cyber Physical Systems and next generation sensors; Collaborative platform and product lifecycle management; Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality; Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence in Manufacturing; Industrial Sensing & Actuation; Industrial Internet Systems  Automation and Robotic solution under the umbrella of Industry 4.0: Applications of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs), Autonomous Guided Vehicles (AGV); Understanding the application scenarios of UAVs and AGVs for manufacturing; Key components of UAV and AGV - Sensor & Hardware, Understanding of Navigation and Path Planning. |
| Learning Outcome | After completing this course, the students will be able to develop digital twins of the physical system and program it to apply learned theoretical concepts for implementation of collaborative industry 4.0 platforms in practice. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class tests, Assignments |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Reference Books:**   1. M.P. Groover, “Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated manufacturing”, 4th Edition, Pearson Education (2016) 2. Hamed Fazlollahtabar, Mohammad Saidi-Mehrabad, “Autonomous Guided Vehicles: Methods and Models for Optimal Path Planning”, Springer, 2015. 3. K Kumar, D Zindani and J P Davim, “Digital Manufacturing and Assembly Systems in Industry 4.0,” CRC Press, 2019 4. J P Davim, “Manufacturing in Digital Industries: Prospects for Industry 4.0”, De Gruyter, 2020 5. P. K. Garg, “Introduction To Unmanned Aerial Vehicles,” New Age International Private Limited; First edition, 2020 6. S.K., Pal, D. Mishra, A. Pal, S. Dutta, D. Chakravarty, S. Pal, “Digital Twin – Fundamental Concepts to Applications in Advanced Manufacturing”, Springer, 2021 | |

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| **Course Number** | **EC5114** |
| **Course Credit** | **L-T-P-C: 3-0-0-3** |
| **Course Title** | **Digital Image Processing** |
| **Learning Mode** | Lectures |
| **Learning Objectives** | Complies with Program Goals 1 and 2 |
| **Course Description** | Digital Image Processing involves the manipulation and analysis of digital images using computational algorithms. The course covers topics such as image enhancement, restoration, segmentation, feature extraction, and compression. It also includes applications in fields such as medical imaging, remote sensing, robotics, and multimedia systems. |
| **Course Outline** | Introduction to Digital Image Processing & Applications, Sampling, Quantization, Basic Relationship between Pixels, Imaging Geometry, Image Transforms, Image Enhancement, Image Restoration, Image Segmentation, Morphological Image Processing, Shape Representation and Description, Object Recognition and Image Understanding, Texture Image Analysis, Motion Picture Analysis, Image Data Compression. |
| **Learnng Outcome** | Complies with PLOs 1a, 1b, 2 and 3a |
| **Assessment Method** | Quizzes/Assignments, Mid Sem, and End Sem |
| **Suggested Readings** | **Text/References**   1. 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Pearson 2. 2. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac and Roger Boyle, Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision, Springer 3. 3. Anil K. Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall |

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| **Department Elective - II** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6103 | Continuum Mechanics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6109 | [Vehicle Dynamics and Multi-body Systems](#Vehicle_Dynamics_and_Multi_body_Systems) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | EC6104 | VLSI Signal Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Course Number** | **ME6103** |
| **Course Credit** | **L-T-P-C:** 3-0-0-3 |
| **Course Name** | **Continuum Mechanics** |
| **Pre-requisites** | Mechanics of Solids and Mechanics of Fluids |
| **Learning Mode** | Classroom lecture |
| **Course Objectives** | |
| Complies with PLOs 1 and 4   * This course targets students of solid and fluid mechanics, aiming to familiarize them with the fundamentals of continuum mechanics by enhancing their problem-solving skills for engineering problems like structural mechanics, fluid dynamics and heat transfer. | |
| **Course Content** | |
| 1. **Mathematical Preliminaries**   Introduction to Tensors: Vectors and second order tensors; Tensor operation; Properties of tensors; Invariants, Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of second order tensors; Tensor fields; Differentiation of tensors; Divergence and Stokes theorem.   1. **Kinematics of Deformation**   Continuum hypothesis, Material (Lagrangian) and Spatial (Eulerian) descriptions of motion, Displacement field, Deformation gradient, Stretch ratios, Polar decomposition of deformation gradient, Velocity gradient, Rate of deformation, Vorticity, Length, area and volume elements in deformed configuration; Material and spatial time derivatives - velocity and acceleration, Cauchy stress tensor, state of stress, concept of first and second Piola-Kirchoff stress tensors.   1. **Fundamental Laws in Continuum Mechanics:**   Material derivatives of Line, Surface and Volume Integrals, Conservation of mass, continuity equation, Conservation of linear and angular momentum, Conservation of energy; Continuum Thermodynamics: Basic laws of thermodynamics; Energy equation; Entropy; Clausius-Duhem inequality.   1. **Constitutive Relations and Material Models:**   Constitutive Assumptions; Ideal Fluids; Elastic Fluids, Hyperelastic Material; Notion of Isotropy; Isothermal Elasticity - Thermodynamic Restrictions, Material Frame Indifference, Material Symmetry; Hooke’s law, Stokes problem, Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids. | |
| **Learning Outcomes:**   * The students will understand the various theoretical elements of continuum mechanics, and how these elements apply to solids and fluids. * The students will be able to derive and apply the equations of continuum mechanics in the following areas: stress and strain analysis, deformation, work and energy, theory of elasticity, viscoelasticity, theory of plasticity, fluid mechanics, and the basis for constitutive equations. * The students will be able to use continuum theory descriptions in their research work. Furthermore, it will also be helpful for them to understand research or scientific articles with continuum formulations. | |
| **Assessment Method**  Mid semester examination, End semester examination, Class test/Quiz, Assignments | |
| **Reference Books** | |
| 1. Mase, G. T., and Mase, G. E., Continuum Mechanics for Engineers, CRC Press, 2nd Edition, 1999. 2. Malvern, L. E., Introduction to the Mechanics of a Continuous Medium, Prentice-Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1969. 3. Rudnicki, J. W., Fundamentals of Continuum Mechanics, John Wiley & Sons, 2015. 4. Lai, W. M., Rubin, D., and Krempl, E., Introduction to Continuum Mechanics, Butterworth-Heinemann, 4th edition, 2015. 5. Reddy, J.N., An introduction to continuum mechanics, Cambridge University Press, 2013. 6. Jog, C.S., Foundations and applications of mechanics: Volume I: Continuum mechanics, Narosa Publishing House, 2007. | |

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| Course Number | **ME6109** |
| Course Credit | **3-0-0-3** |
| Course Title | **Vehicle Dynamics and Multi-body Systems** |
| Learning Mode | Lectures and Simulation tools |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1 and 4  Understanding the dynamics of a wheeled vehicle, various systems- tires and the mechanics, drive trains, steering, braking and suspension systems. Developing models for handling and stability vehicle.  Concepts of rigid body dynamic analysis for enabling modeling of vehicle dynamic systems  Prerequisite: Engineering Mechanics/Dynamics or equivalent course |
| Course Description | Wheeled vehicle dynamics with tire mechanics and effect of various subsystems such as drive trains, steering, suspensions, braking. Stability and safety of the vehicle. Basic concepts of rigid body dynamics which go into the mathematical modeling of the vehicle system. |
| Course Outline | Introduction to vehicle dynamics: Vehicle coordinate systems; loads on axles of a parked car and an accelerating car. Acceleration performance: Power-limited acceleration, traction-limited acceleration. Tire models: Tire construction and terminology; mechanics of force generation; rolling resistance; tractive effort and longitudinal slip; cornering properties of tire; slip angle; camber thrust; aligning moments. Aerodynamic effects on a vehicle: Mechanics of airflow around the vehicle, pressure distribution, aerodynamic forces; pitching, rolling and yawing moments; crosswind sensitivity. Braking performance: Basic equations for braking for a vehicle with constant deceleration and deceleration with wind-resistance; braking forces: rolling resistance, aerodynamic drag, driveline drag, grade, tire-road friction; brakes, anti-lock braking system, traction control, braking efficiency. Steering systems and cornering: Geometry of steering linkage, steering geometry error; steering system models, neutral steer, under-steer, over-steer, steering ratio, effect of under-steer; steering system force and moments, low speed and high speed cornering; directional stability of the vehicle; influence of front wheel drive. Suspension and ride: Suspension types—solid axle suspensions, independent suspensions; suspension geometry; roll center analysis; active suspension systems; excitation sources for vehicle rider; vehicle response properties, suspension stiffness and damping, suspension isolation, active control, suspension non-linearity, bounce and pitch motion. Roll-over: Quasi-static roll-over of rigid vehicle and suspended vehicle; transient roll-over, yaw-roll model, tripping, use of standards for design. Multi-body systems: Review of Newtonian mechanics for rigid bodies and system of rigid bodies; coordinate transformation between two set of axes in relative motion between one another; Euler angles; angular velocity, angular acceleration, angular momentum etc. in terms of Euler angle parameters; Newton-Euler equations of motion; elementary Lagrangian mechanics: generalised coordinates and constraints; principle of virtual work; Hamilton’s principle; Lagrange’s equation, generalized forces. Lagrange’s equation with constraints, Lagrange’s multiplier. |
| Learning Outcome | Mathematical modeling of the vehicle dynamic system with integrations of various subsystems- Tire, drive trains, suspension, steering, brakes. Understanding of the stability and rollover limits of the vehicle.  Use of simulation tools for developing the analytical model and also rigid body analysis tools |
| Assessment Method | Assignments, Quiz, Mid term and end term exams |
| **Suggested Readings:**  1. T.D. Gillespie, “Fundamental of Vehicle Dynamics”, SAE Press (1995).  2. J.Y. Wong, “Theory of Ground Vehicles”, 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons (2008).  3. Reza N. Jazar, “Vehicle Dynamics: Theory and Application”, 1st Edition, Springer (2008).  4. R. Rajamani, “Vehicle Dynamics and Control”, Springer (2006).  5. A.A. Shabana, “Dynamics of Multibody Systems”, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press (2005).  **Reference Book**  1. G. Genta, “Motor Vehicle Dynamics”, World Scientific Pub. Co. Inc. (1997).  2. H.B. Pacejka, “Tyre and Vehicle Dynamics”, SAE International and Elsevier (2005).  3. Dean Karnopp, “Vehicle Stability”, Marcel Dekker (2004).  4. U. Kiencke and L. Nielsen, “Automotive Control System”, Springer-Verlag, Berlin.  5. M. Abe and W. Manning, “Vehicle Handling Dynamics: Theory and Application”, 1st Edition, Elsevier (2009).  6. L. Meirovitch, “Methods of Analytical Dynamics”, Courier Dover (1970).  7. H. Baruh, “Analytical Dynamics”, WCB/McGraw-Hill (1999). | |

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| **Course Number** | **EC6104** |
| **Course Credit** | **L-T-P-C: 3-0-0-3** |
| **Course Title** | **VLSI Signal Processing** |
| **Learning Mode** | Lectures |
| **Learning Objectives** | Complies with Program Goals 1 and 2 |
| **Course Description** | VLSI Signal Processing involves the design and implementation of signal processing algorithms and systems using Very-Large-Scale Integration (VLSI) technology. The course covers topics such as digital signal processing (DSP) algorithms, efficient hardware implementations, optimization techniques, and applications in areas such as telecommunications, audio processing, image processing, and biomedical signal processing. |
| **Course Outline** | Introduction to DSP systems: Representation of DSP algorithms; Iteration Bound: Definition, Examples, Algorithms for computing Iteration bound; Pipelining and Parallel Processing: Definitions, Pipelining and parallel processing of FIR filters, Pipelining and parallel processing for low power; Retiming: Definitions and Properties, Solving system of Inequalities, Retiming techniques; Unfolding: Definition, An algorithm for unfolding, Applications of unfolding; Folding: Definition, Folding transformations, Register minimization techniques, Register minimization in folded architectures; Systolic Architecture Design: Introduction, Systolic array design methodology, FIR systolic arrays, Selection of scheduling vector, Matrix-Matrix multiplication and 2D systolic array design; CORDIC based Implementations: Architecture, Implementation of FIR filter and FFT algorithm; Bit-Level arithmetic architectures: Parallel multipliers, Bit-serial multipliers, Bit-Serial FIR filter design and Implementation; Redundant arithmetic: Redundant number representation, Carry-free radix-2 addition and subtraction, radix-2 hybrid redundant multiplication architectures; Low-power design: Theoretical background, Scaling versus power consumption, Power analysis, Power reduction techniques, Power estimation approaches. |
| **Learning Outcomes** | Complies with PLOs 1a, 1b, 2 and 3a |
| **Assessment Method** | Quizzes/Assignments, Mid Sem, and End Sem |
| **Suggested Readings** | **Text/References**  1. U. Meyer-Baese, “DSP with FPGA”, Springer,4th Edition, 2014.  2. K. K. Parhi, “VLSI DSP Systems”, Wiley, 2003.  3. R.G. Lyons, “Understanding Digital Signal Processing”, Pearson Education,3rd Edition, 2011. |

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| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **SEMESTER II** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | MH5201 | Sensors and Actuators | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | MH5202 | Modeling and Simulation of Mechatronic Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | MH5203 | Mechatronics Lab – II | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.5 |
| 4. | XX62PQ | DE-III | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5. | XX62PQ | DE-IV | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6. | XX52PQ/  XX62PQ | DE-V | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 7. | RM6201 | Research Methodology | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 8. | IK6201 | IKS | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|  | **TOTAL** | | **21** | **1** | **3** | **23.5** |

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| Course Number | **MH5201** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr: (3-0-0-3) |
| Course Title | **Sensors and Actuators** |
| Learning Mode | Lectures |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1-3.  Understanding the working and design of sensors and actuators. To provide knowledge on integrating different order and multiphysics dynamic systems for accurate measurement and actuation |
| Course Description | Understanding of the working and design of measurement systems- classification, characteristics and calibration of different sensors.  Modelling and analysis of electromechanical, Hydraulic, pneumatic, Piezoelectric and SMA actuators |
| Course Outline | Brief overview of measurement systems, classification, characteristics and calibration of different sensors. Measurement of displacement, position, motion, force, torque, strain gauge, pressure flow, temperature sensor sensors, smart sensor. Optical encoder, tactile and proximity, ultrasonic transducers, opto-electrical sensor, gyroscope. Principles and structures of modern micro sensors, micro-fabrication technologies: bulk micromachining, surface micromachining, LIGA, assembly and packaging Pneumatic and hydraulic systems: actuators, definition, example, types, selection. Pneumatic actuator. Electro-pneumatic actuator. Hydraulic actuator, control valves, valve sizing valve selection. Electrical actuating systems: solid-state switches, solenoids, voice coil; electric motors; DC motors, AC motors, single phase motor; 3-phase motor; induction motor; synchronous motor; stepper motors. Piezoelectric actuator: characterization, operation, and fabrication; shape memory alloys |
| Learning Outcome | Understanding the dynamics of sensors and actuators so as to integrate with system for measurement /actuation. Learning Systems Dynamics and being able to predict the rang of operations of multi-physics sensors and actuators |
| Assessment Method | Assignments, Quiz, Viva and Examination –Midterm and End term |
| **Suggested Readings:**  1. John G. Webster, Editor-in-chief, “Measurement, Instrumentation, and Sensors Handbook”, CRC Press (1999).  2. Jacob Fraden, “Handbook of modern Sensors”, AIP Press, Woodbury (1997).  3. Nadim Maluf, “An Introduction to Microelectromechanical Systems Engineering”, Artech House Publishers, Boston (2000).  4. Marc Madou, “Fundamentals of Microfabrication”, CRC Press, Boca Raton (1997).  5. Gregory Kovacs, “Micromachined Transducers Sourcebook”, McGraw-Hill, New York (1998).  6. E. O. Deobelin and D. Manik, “Measurement Systems – Application and Design”, Tata McGraw-Hill (2004).  7. D. Patranabis, “Principles of Industrial Instrumentation”, Tata McGraw-Hill, eleventh reprint (2004).  8. B. G. Liptak, “Instrument Engineers’ Handbook: Process Measurement and Analysis”, CRC (2003) | |

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| Course Number | **MH5202** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr: 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Modelling and Simulation of Mechatronic Systems** |
| Learning Mode | Lectures |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1-3.  The objective of this course is   * To impart the ability of analysing different mechatronics system in a unified way. * To impart the ability of deriving the governing equation of motion in electromechanical system * To impart the ability of solving obtained governing equation numerically * To impart the ability of analysing obtained simulation results for designing different mechatronics systems * To impart the ability designing different mechatronics system through frequency domain analysis |
| Course Description | This course is designed to fulfil the requirement of unified modelling approach in mechatronics system where systems are of multi energy domain. Besides the simulation technique will also be addressed in this course.  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | **Physical Modelling:** Mechanical and electrical systems, physical laws, continuity equations, compatibility equations, system engineering concept, system modelling with structured analysis, modelling paradigms for mechatronic system, block diagrams, mathematical models, systems of differential-algebraic equations, response analysis of electrical systems, thermal systems, fluid systems, mechanical rotational system, electrical-mechanical coupling.  **Simulation Techniques:** Solution of model equations and their interpretation, zeroth, first and second order system, solution of 2nd order electro-mechanical equation by finite element method, transfer function and frequency response, non-parametric methods, transient, correlation, frequency, Fourier and spectra analysis, design of identification experiments, choice of model structure, scaling, numeric methods, validation, methods of lumped element simulation, modelling of sensors and actuators, hardware in the loop simulation (HIL), rapid controller prototyping, coupling of simulation tools, simulation of systems in software (MATLAB, LabVIEW) environment.  **Modelling and Simulation of Practical Problems:**   * + Pure mechanical models   + Models for electromagnetic actuators including the electrical drivers   + Models for DC-engines with different closed loop controllers using operational amplifiers   + Models for transistor amplifiers   Models for vehicle system |
| Learning Outcome | Following learning outcomes are expected after going through this course.   1. Will be able to derive system equation of mechatronics system through Lagrange’s equation, Hamilton’s equation, Hamilton’s principle and Bond Graph approaches. 2. Will be able to apply the notion of Galilean Causality 3. Will be able obtain the state space equations for several mechatronics systems like Electrical machines including transformer, multibody dynamics including vehicle dynamics and Euler’s angle, hydraulics, sensors and actuators, 4. Will be able to solve state space equations numerically through Runge-Kutta Method in Matlab or in Python languages. 5. Will be able to derive and analyse deformable body dynamics including modes, nodes in different coordinate systems like generalized coordinates, modal coordinates and normalized coordinates. 6. Will be able to derive the linear system’s response for any arbitrary excitation 7. Will be able to design different mechatronics systems like seismic instruments through frequency domain analysis |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class test & quiz, Assignment, Weightage of different components of assessment will be as per the Senate. |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text Books:**   1. L. Ljung, T. Glad, “Modeling of Dynamical Systems”, Prentice Hall Inc. (1994). 2. D.C. Karnopp, D.L. Margolis and R.C. Rosenberg, “System Dynamics: A Unified Approach”, 2nd Edition, Wiley-Interscience (1990). 3. G. Gordon, “System Simulation”, 2nd Edition, PHI Learning (2009). 4. V. Giurgiutiu and S. E. Lyshevski, “Micromechatronics, Modeling, Analysis, and Design with MATLAB”, 2nd Edition, CRC Press (2009). | |

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| Course Number | **MH5203** |
| Course Credit | **0-0-3-1.5** |
| Course Title | **Mechatronics Laboratory-II** |
| **Course Learning Objective:**  Complies with PLOs 1-3.   * This laboratory course will introduce students to the advanced practical skills of mechatronics like Sensors, Actuators, Numerical Control, Industrial Robotics, hydraulics, pneumatics, etc. * To understand the working principles of various mechatronics components such as sensors, actuators, controller, etc. * To provide practical experience on the functioning of various mechatronics components and systems * To provide hands-on experience on development of different mechatronic systems   **Course Learning Outcome:**   * After completing this laboratory course, the students will be equipped with skills necessary for solving problems related to mechatronics encountered in industry. * After completing this laboratory course, the students will get a practical appreciation of the theoretical courses taught in the Executive M-Tech program. * Ability to identify different mechatronics components and their basic structure * Ability to acquire data from different sensors in mechatronic system and control of physical system through controller * Ability to design and fabricate a mechatronic system to solve real life problem   Prerequisite: **MH5102**  **Syllabus:**  NC machine tool; microprocessor/ microcontroller based control; Industrial Robotics; Smart actuators; hydraulics; pneumatics; Sensors; Actuators; PCB Design and Fabrication; mini-projects on mechatronic system design. | |

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| **Department Elective - III** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6208 | [Robot Motion Planning](#Robot_Motion_Planning) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6209 | [Non-linear Systems Dynamics](#Nonlinear_System_Dynamics) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | ME6215 | Computer Numerical Controlled Machine Tools | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| Course Number | **ME6208** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr : 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Robot Motion Planning** |
| Pre-requisite | Mobile Robotics |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1 and 4   * This course covers the prominent motion planning algorithms used in the area of mobile robotics. * The course will cover various motion planning algorithms and analyses. |
| Course Description | This course introduces students to motion planning algorithm theory and implementation which is a crucial enabling technology for imparting higher degree of autonomy to robots.  Prerequisite: ME6106 Mobile Robotics |
| Course Outline | **Configuration space and topology:** Homeomorphism and diffeomorphism, differential manifolds, connectedness and compactness, parameterization of SO(3)  **Potential functions:** Additive attractive/repulsive potential, distance computation using Brushfire algorithm, local minima problem, wave-front planner, navigation potential functions, sphere-space and star-space, potential function in non-Euclidean spaces  **Roadmaps:** Visibility maps, Generalized Voronoi Diagram, Retract-like Structures, Canny’s Roadmap algorithm, opportunistic path planner  **Cell decomposition:** Trapezoidal decomposition, Morse cell decompositions, Visibility-based decompositions for Pursuit/Evasion; **Sampling-based algorithms:** Probabilistic roadmaps, Expansive spaces trees, Rapidly-Exploring Random Trees, Analysis of PRM. |
| Learning Outcome | After completing this course, the students will be able to implement and analyse robot motion planning algorithms. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class test and quiz, Programming Assignments |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text Book:**   1. H. Choset, K. M. Lynch, S. Hutchinson, G. Kantor, W. Burgard, L. E. Kavraki and S. Thrun, Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Implementations, MIT Press, Boston, 2005.   **Reference Book:**   1. S. M. LaValle, “Planning Algorithms”, Cambridge University Press, 2006. (Available online <http://planning.cs.uiuc.edu/>) | |

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| Course Number | **ME6209** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr : 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Nonlinear System Dynamics** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1, 3 and 4  The objective of this course is,   * To impart the ability of solving different nonlinear systems through analytical approach * To impart the ability of solving different nonlinear systems through numerical approach as well * To impart the ability of analyzing nonlinear systems through fixed points, phase portrait, linear and nonlinear stability approaches. * To impart the ability of analysing nonlinear system design by identifying subharmonic and superharmonic resonance, Poincare map, Liapnouv exponent. * To impart the ability of identifying Chaos and Factals in engineering systems. |
| Course Description | This course is designed to fulfil the requirement of designing engineering systems considering the nonlinearity in the system, which is usually ignored in system design.  Prerequisite: Dynamics/Engineering Mechanics |
| Course Outline | **Introduction to Nonlinear Dynamical System**: Linear vs. nonlinear behavior, Classification of nonlinear Systems, Examples of structural, fluid-mechanical and chemical/biological systems, Existence and uniqueness of solutions.  **First-order nonlinear systems**: Autonomous systems: Equilibrium points, linear systems, invariant sets, linearization, phase diagrams and velocity fields, behavior dependence on parameters, bifurcations of equilibria (saddle-node, pitchfork and transcritical), implicit function theorem. Nonautonomous systems.  **Second-order nonlinear conservative/nonconservative systems**: Phase plane analysis, equilibrium points, linearization, stability, periodic orbits and saddle points, potential function and phase portrait, parameter-dependent conservative systems, local bifurcations, examples of global bifurcations, effect of dissipative forces.  **First-order system in the plane**: General phase plane analysis, linearization, general solution for linear systems, classification of equilibrium points, limit cycles, Bendixon's criterion and Poincare Bendixon theorem. Point mapping techniques, exact transformations, and Poincare mappings.  **One-dimensional linear and nonlinear mappings**: Fixed points, linearization, stability, parameter- dependent mappings, bifurcations.  **Perturbation and other approximate methods**: Introduction to regular and singular perturbation expansions through algebraic and transcendental equations; roots of equations and dependence on parameters. Perturbation method for free oscillations, secular terms, frequency dependence on response, Poincare-Lindstedt technique for periodic solutions, Harmonic balance and Fourier series for periodic solutions. Averaging methods, amplitude and frequency estimates, slowly varying amplitude and phase ideas, self-excited oscillations. Multiple time-scale techniques. Forced oscillations, concept of a resonance, oscillations far from resonance, near resonances and strong and weak excitations, response near primary resonance, softening and hardening nonlinearities, Duffing's equation and primary and secondary resonances, forced response of self excited systems near resonance, frequency locking and entrainment.  General linear systems with constant and periodic coefficients: Concepts of stability (Lyapunov, Poincare, etc.), stability by linearization, boundedness of solutions, Mathieu's equation, transition curves and periodic solutions for Mathieu-Duffing system.  **Relaxation oscillations**: The van der Pol oscillator.  **Multi degree of freedom systems**: Examples, various types of resonances – external, internal, and combination, etc., response prediction using methods of averaging and multiple scales.  Some more on bifurcations, structural stability and chaos.  **Experimental Demonstration**: String ballooning motion. Fun with Cantilever beam of large deformation and other developed models. Electronic Circuit building. Numerical computation with Matlab/ Mathematica. |
| Learning Outcome | Following learning outcomes are expected after going through this course.   * Will be able to solve nonlinear system of equations both analytically and numerically. * Will be able to apply the method of multiple scale, perturbation method, harmonic balance for solving a set of nonlinear differential equations. * Will be able obtain the interpretation of nonlinear system behavior over the linear system behavior. * Will be able to identify the Chaos in engineering system and will be able to quantify through various measures. * Will be able to derive and analyse nonlinear system behavior. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination (30%), End Semester examination (50%), Class test & quiz (10%), Assignment (10%) |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text Books:**   * 1. Jordan, D. W. and Smith, P.: Nonlinear Ordinary Differential Equations, 3rd Edition,Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1999 ed.   2. Nayfeh, A. H. and Mook, D. T.: Nonlinear Oscillations, Wiley Interscience, New York., 1979ed.   3. Nayfeh, A. H and Balachandran, B. : Applied Nonlinear Dynamics: Analytical, Computational and Experimental Methods, Wiley, 2008 ed.   4. Strogatz, S. H. : Nonlinear Dynamics And Chaos: With Applications To Physics, Biology,Chemistry, And Engineering, Westview Press, 2001 ed.   5. Ogorzalek Maciej J.:Chaos and Complexity in Nonlinear Electronic Circuits, World ScientificSeries on Nonlinear Science Series A, 1997 ed. | |
| Course Number | **ME6215** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr : 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Computer Numerical Controlled Machine Tools** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 2 and 3  After completion of this course, the student should be able:   * To recognize the importance of CNC technology over conventional methods * To learn the fundamentals of CNC machine tools control systems with the help of binary logic circuits and solved numerical * To learn the fundamentals of various electrical and mechanical components of CNC machines with the help solved numerical * To learn about different work and tool holding devices for CNC machines * To write CNC part programming for CNC lathe and milling with the help of solved problems * To learn the fundamentals of writing CNC program for free form surfaces after acquiring knowledge on the mathematical modeling of few contour surfaces with solved numerical * To learn designing of a CNC machine, testing and maintenance |
| Course Description | This course is designed to introduce the fundamentals of CNC Machine tools to get them accustomed with the control systems used, mechanical and electrical components, work and job holding devices, CNC part programming and design and maintenance of CNC machine tools  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | Unit I: An overview of CNC  Historical perspective, Introduction to NC/CNC/DNC and its role in FMS and CIMS, Is CNC suitable for mass production, basic elements of CNC machine tools, Machine axes designation, Advantages and disadvantages of CNC machine tools, Use of CNC technology for non-machining applications, CNC machines for industry 4.0  Unit II: Classification of CNC machine tools  Point-to-point control (P-T-P), Continuous control, Open-loop control, Closed-loop control, 2 and 3 axes, and 4 and 5 axes CNC machine tools  Unit III: Mechanical components of CNC machine tools  Drive units of the carriages in CNC machine tools: Recirculating ball screw, Roller screw, Planetary roller screws, Recirculating roller screws  Unit IV: Electrical and electronics components of CNC machine tools  Power units: Working principle of stepper motors, servo motors, ac servo motors etc.; Encoders: Working principle of incremental, absolute, rotary and linear encoders; Working principle of position down counter (PDC), and decoding logic circuits, Interpolators: linear, circular etc., Digital differential analyzer (DDA) hardware-based linear and curvilinear interpolation  Unit V: Tooling for CNC machine tools  Tool changing arrangements: manual tool changer, automatic tool changer (ATC), tool turrets, tool magazines: chain magazine, circular magazine, and box magazine  Unit VI: Work-holding for CNC machine tools  Turning center work holding methods, Work holding for machining centers  Unit VII: CNC part programming  Introduction to part programming, advanced programming features and canned cycles, machining of free-form (3D) surfaces: curved surface geometries, cutter path generation for curved surfaces, CNC program generation using CAM software, Remote operation  Unit VIII: Design, testing and maintenance of CNC machine tools  Design of CNC machine tools for static, dynamic and thermal loads, Testing and calibration of CNC machine tools for geometric, kinematic and thermal errors, Maintenance and troubleshooting operation, Online inspection features |
| Learning Outcome | Complies with PLOs 1, 4 and 5  The student will be able to   * Apply the knowledge of CNC technology taught in this course to develop laboratory scale CNC system * Apply the knowledge of part programming to manufacture any intricate surfaces using CNC machine tools |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination (25%), End Semester examination (50%), Class test & quiz (15%), Assignment and Mini Project (10%) |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **References:**   1. CAD/CAM: Computer-Aided Design and Manufacturing, MP Groover, PTR Prentice-Hall, New Jersey 2. CNC machining Technology, Graham T. Smith, Springer Verlag, London 3. Computer Numerical Control Machines and Computer Aided Manufacturing, P Radhakrishnan, New Academic Science Limited, UK 4. Machining and CNC Technology, Michael Fitzpatrick, McGraw Hill 5. Computer Numerical Control of Machine Tools, G.E Thyer, NewNes, 1991 6. CAD/CAM Theory and Practice, Ibrahim Zeid and R Sivasubramanian, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2009. | |

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| **Department Elective - IV** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | ME6206 | Microfluidics and Microsystems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | ME6210 | [Robotics: Advanced Concepts & Analysis](#Robotics_Advanced_Concepts_and_Analysis) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| Course Number | **ME6206** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-C: 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Microfluidics and Microsystems** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1 and 2   * + Equip the students with basics of fluid mechanics at microscale, unique phenomenon dominant at microscale and their benefits for real life.   + To understand this interdisciplinary science of microfluidics which uses knowledge from fluid mechanics at microscale, chemistry, Electrostatics, Micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) and Biology to help humanity by designing novel microsystems such as point of care diagnostic devices. |
| Course Description | Microfluidics is the research discipline dealing with transport phenomena and fluid-based devices at microscopic length scales of microns. This course aims to fulfil the need of basic understanding about fluid flow at microscale. Further, it introduces the students with electrostatics and its utility towards design of new microfluidic systems such as electroosmotic pump and Knudsen pump. In the later part, distinct types of microfabrication techniques are explained. The last chapter introduces many modern techniques related to biomedical engineering and medical science such as DNA sequencing, micropumps and point of care diagnostic devices.  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | **Introduction:** Origin, Definition, Fluid quantity, Benefits, Challenges, Commercial activities.  **Scaling laws**: Scaling in nature, Scaling of physical systems, Trimmer’s vertical bracket notation, limitations.  **Micro-scale flows**: Intermolecular forces, States of matter, Continuum assumption, Governing equations, Constitutive relations, Gas and liquid flows, Boundary conditions, Slip theory, Transition to turbulence, Low Re flows, Entrance effects, Liquid film flow in an inclined plane, Couette flow, Poiseuille flow, Stokes drag on a sphere, Time-dependent flows, Two-phase flows, Couette flow with slip, Hydraulic resistance and Circuit analysis, Straight channel of different cross-sections, Channels in series and parallel.  **Capillary flows**: Surface tension and interfacial energy, Young-Laplace equation, Contact angle, Capillary length and capillary rise, Interfacial boundary conditions, Marangoni effect.  **Electrokinetics**: Electrohydrodynamics fundamentals, Electro-osmosis, Dielectrophoresis, Electro-capillary effects, Continuous electro-wetting, Direct electro-wetting, Electro-wetting on dielectric.  **Microfabrication**: Materials, Clean room, Silicon crystallography, Miller indices, Oxidation, Photolithography- mask creation, spin coating, exposure and development, Etching, Bulk micromachining, Wafer bonding, Polymer microfabrication: PMMA/COC/PDMS substrates, micromolding, hot embossing, fluidic interconnection.    **Microfluidics Components**: Micropumps, Microvalves, Microflow Sensors, Micromixers, Droplet Generators, Microparticle Separators, Microreactors, DNA sequencers, Point of Care Devices. |
| Learning Outcome | At the end of the course, students will have achieved the following learning objectives:   * Design a microfluidic network to meet the need of a microluidic system by minimizing the overall drag reduction. * Be capable of understanding the design of existing microfluidic systems such as micropumps, Micro-reactors, DNA sequencer and other point of care devices. * To be equipped to design and develop new microfluidic systems. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class test & quiz, Assignment, Term Paper Presentation |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Text/Reference Books:**   1. Nguyen, N. T., Werely, S. T., Fundamentals and applications of Microfluidics, Artech house Inc., 2002. 2. Bruus, H., Theoretical Microfluidics, Oxford University Press Inc., 2008. 3. Madou, M. J., Fundamentals of Microfabrication, CRC press, 2002. 4. Tabeling, P., Introduction to microfluidics, Oxford University Press Inc., 2005. 5. Kirby, B.J., Micro- and Nanoscale Fluid Mechanics: Transport in Microfluidic Devices, Cambridge University Press, 2010. 6. Colin, S., Microfluidics, John Wiley & Sons, 2009. | |

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| Course Number | **ME6210** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-Cr : 3-0-0-3 |
| Course Title | **Robotics: Advanced Concepts and Analysis** |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | Complies with PLOs 1-3   * This course gives various aspects of kinematics, dynamics, motion planning, and control of robotic manipulators * This course presents computational aspects, control aspects and practical implementation of multi degree of freedom manipulators for industrial application |
| Course Description | This course is designed to fulfil the basic and advanced concepts of kinematics, dynamics, motion planning, and control of industrial Robotics. The course will provide theoretical background as well as expose the students to practical aspects of Robotic manipulators.  Prerequisite: NIL |
| Course Outline | Introduction to robotics: brief history, types, classification and usage and the science and technology of robots.  Kinematics of robot: direct and inverse kinematics problems and workspace, inverse kinematics solution for the general 6R manipulator, redundant and over-constrained manipulators.  Velocity and static analysis of manipulators: Linear and angular velocity, Jacobian of manipulators, singularity, static analysis.  Dynamics of manipulators: formulation of equations of motion, recursive dynamics, and generation of symbolic equations of motion by computer simulations of robots using software and commercially available packages.  Planning and control: Trajectory planning, position control, force control, hybrid control  Industrial and medical robotics: application in manufacturing processes, e.g. casting, welding, painting, machining, heat treatment and nuclear power stations, etc.; medical robots: image guided surgical robots, radiotherapy, cancer treatment, etc.  Advanced topics in robotics: Modelling and control of flexible manipulators, wheeled mobile robots, bipeds, etc. Future of robotics. |
| Learning Outcome | * After completing this course, the students will be able to design and fabricate a robotic arm for some practical applications * Students will able to operate and control a robotic system using the theoretical concepts learned in this course |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination, End Semester examination, Class tests, Assignments, mini-projects |
| **Suggested Readings:**  **Reference Books:**   1. M. P. Groover, M. Weiss, R. N. Nagel and N. G. Odrey, “Industrial Robotics-Technology, Programming and Applications”, McGraw-Hill Book and Company (1986). 2. S. K. Saha, “Introduction to Robotics”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd. (2008). 3. S. B. Niku, “Introduction to Robotics–Analysis Systems, Applications”, Pearson Education (2001). 4. A. Ghosal, Robotics: “Fundamental Concepts and Analysis”, Oxford University Press (2008). 5. Pires, “Industrial Robot Programming–Building Application for the Factories of the Future”, Springer (2007). 6. Peters, “Image Guided Interventions – Technology and Applications”, Springer (2008). 7. K. S. Fu, R. C. Gonzalez and C.S.G. Lee, “ROBOTICS: Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence”, McGraw-Hill (1987). 8. J. J. Craig, “Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control”, 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley (1989). | |

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| **Department Elective - V** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
| 1. | EC5205 | Patterns Recognition and Machine Learning | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | EC6208 | Generative AI for Video Surveillance System | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| **Course Number** | **EC5205** |
| **Course Credit** | 3-0-0-3 |
| **Course Title** | **Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning** |
| **Learning Mode** | Lectures |
| **Learning Objectives** | **Course Learning Outcome (CLO):** After learning this course, the students will be able  1. to know various tools and techniques of pattern recognition.  2. to develop skills to characterize and implement big data analytics.  3. to understand the application of pattern recognition in different real-life problems. |
| **Course Description** | This course deals with the Pattern recognition and ML. |
| **Course Outline** | Introduction: Feature extraction and Pattern Representation, Concept of Supervised and Unsupervised Classification, Introduction to Application Areas. Statistical Pattern Recognition: Bayes Decision Theory, Minimum Error and Minimum Risk Classifiers, Discriminant Function and Decision Boundary, Normal Density, Discriminant Function for Discrete Features, Parameter Estimation. Dimensionality Problem: Dimensionality Reduction, Fisher Linear Discriminant and Multiple Discriminant Analysis. Nonparametric Pattern Classification: Density Estimation, Nearest Neighbour Rule, Fuzzy Classification. Linear Discriminant Functions: Separability, Two Category and Multi Category Classification, Linear Discriminators, Perceptron Criterion, Relaxation Procedure, Minimum Square Error Criterion, Widrow-Hoff Procedure, HoKashyap Procedure, Kesler’s Construction. Neural Network Classifier: Single and Multilayer Perceptron, Back Propagation, Learning Hopfield, Network Fuzzy and Neural Network. Time Varying Pattern Recognition: First Order Hidden Markov, Model Evaluation, Decoding Learning. Unsupervised Classification: Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Graph Based Method, Sum of Squared Error Technique, Iterative Optimization. |
| **Learning Outcome** | Complies with PLO 1b, 2a and 4a |
| **Assessment Method** | Quiz, Assignments, and Exams |
| **Suggested Readings** | **Texts/References:**  1. Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart and David G. Stork, Pattern Classification, John Wiley & Sons, 2001.  2. Earl Gose, Richard Johsonbaugh and Steve Jost, Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis, Prentice Hall, 1999. |

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| **Course Number** | **EC6208** |
| **Course Credit** | **L-T-P-C: 3-0-0-3** |
| **Course Title** | Generative AI for Video Surveillance System |
| **Learning Mode** | Lectures |
| **Learning Objectives** | Complies with Program Goals 6 and 7 |
| **Course Description** | This course introduces students to the theoretical foundations and practical applications of generative artificial intelligence (AI) in video surveillance systems. Students will learn about various generative models and their applications in video synthesis, anomaly detection, and activity recognition within surveillance scenarios. |
| **Course Outline** | **Module 1: Image and Video Processing**   * Basics of Image Processing * Basics of Video Compression and Motion Analysis * Background Modelling * Object detection and classification * Human Activity Recognition * Video Object Tracking   **Module 2: Video Surveillance Systems**   * Foreground and Background Detection * Segmentation and Tracking * Behaviour analysis of individuals and groups * Static and Dynamic analysis of crowds   **Module 3: Introduction to Generative AI**   * Overview of generative AI and its applications * Introduction to generative models * Key concepts: generative models vs. discriminative models, probability distributions     **Module 4: Fundamentals of Deep Learning**   * Introduction to deep learning and neural networks * Training neural networks: backpropagation, optimization algorithms * Regularization techniques: dropout, L1/L2 regularization * Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs) and Long and Short Term Memory (LSTM) for generative tasks     **Module 5: Variational Autoencoders (VAEs)**   * Introduction to autoencoders * Understanding VAEs: encoder, decoder, and latent space * Variational inference and the reparameterization trick * Applications of VAEs: image generation, data compression     **Module 6: Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)**   * Introduction to GANs and their components (generator, discriminator) * GAN training process: minimax game, adversarial loss * Architectural variations: DCGAN, WGAN, Conditional GAN, SR GAN, Cycle GAN * GAN applications: image synthesis, style transfer, super resolution   **Module 7: Transformers**   * Introduction and Evolution: Explore Transformer evolution and key components. * Transformer Architecture: Study encoder-decoder stacks and attention mechanisms. * Training Strategies: Compare pre-training, fine-tuning, and optimization techniques. * Applications: Examine text, image, and video generation tasks. * Recent Trends: Review Vision Transformers, Video Vision Transformers, GPT, DALL-E and BERT.   **Module 8: Hands-on Projects and Case Studies**   * Practical implementation of generative AI models using popular frameworks (e.g., TensorFlow, PyTorch) * Guided projects and assignments to reinforce concepts learned * Case studies showcasing real-world applications of generative AI |
| **Learning Outcomes** | Complies with PLOs 6a, 6b, 7 and 8a |
| **Assessment Method** | Quizzes/Assignments, Mid Sem, and End Sem |
| **Suggested Readings** | **Text and References**  1. M. H. Kolekar, “Intelligent video surveillance systems: an algorithmic approach”, Chapman and Hall/CRC; 2018 Jun 27.  2. F. Chollet, “Deep learning with Python”, Simon and Schuster; 2021 Dec 7.  3. J. Babcock, R. Bali, “Generative AI with Python and TensorFlow 2: Create images, text, and music with VAEs, GANs, LSTMs, Transformer models”, Packt Publishing Ltd; 2021 Apr 30. |

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| **Course Number** | RM6201 |
| **Course Credit**  **(L-T-P-C)** | 3-1-0-4 |
| **Course Title** | Research Methodology |
| **Learning Mode** | Lectures |
| **Learning Objectives** | The objective of the course is to train student about the modelling of scalar and multi-objective nonlinear programming problems and various classical and numerical optimization techniques and algorithms to solve these problems |
| **Course Description** | Advanced Optimization Techniques, as a subject for postgraduate and PhD students, provides the knowledge of various models of nonlinear optimization problems and different algorithms to solve such problems with its applications in various problems arising in economics, science and engineering. |
| **Course Content** | **Module I (6 lecture hours) – Research method fundamentals:** Definition, characteristics and types, basic research terminology, an overview of research method concepts, research methods vs. method methodology, role of information and communication technology (ICT) in research, Nature and scope of research, information based decision making and source of knowledge. The research process; basic approaches and terminologies used in research. Defining research problem and hypotheses framing to prepare a research plan.  **Module II (5 lecture hours) - Research problem visualization and conceptualization:** Significance of literature survey in identification of a research problem from reliable sources and critical review, identifying technical gaps and contemporary challenges from literature review and research databases, development of working hypothesis, defining and formulating the research problems, problem selection, necessity of defining the problem and conceiving the solution approach and methods.  **Module III (5 lecture hours) - Research design and data analysis:** Research design – basic principles, need of research design and data classification – primary and secondary, features of good design, important concepts relating to research design, observation and facts, validation methods, observation and collection of data, methods of data collection, sampling methods, data processing and analysis, hypothesis testing, generalization, analysis, reliability, interpretation and presentation.  **Module IV (16 lecture hours) - Qualitative and quantitative analysis:** Qualitative Research Plan and designs, Meaning and types of Sampling, Tools of qualitative data Collection; observation depth Interview, focus group discussion, Data editing, processing & categorization, qualitative data analysis, Fundamentals of statistical methods, parametric and nonparametric techniques, test of significance, variables, conjecture, hypothesis, measurement, types of data and scales, sample and sampling techniques, probability and distributions, hypothesis testing, level of significance and confidence interval, t-test, ANOVA, correlation, regression analysis, error analysis, research data analysis and evaluation using software tools (e.g.: MS Excel, SPSS, Statistical, R, etc.).  **Module V (10 lecture hours) –** **Principled research:** Ethics in research and Ethical dilemma, affiliation and conflict of interest; Publishing and sharing research, Plagiarism and its fallout (case studies), Internet research ethics, data protection and intellectual property rights (IPR) – patent survey, patentability, patent laws and IPR filing process. |
| **Learning Outcome** | On successful completion of the course, students should be able to:  1. Understand the terminology and basic concepts of various kinds of nonlinear optimization problems.  2. Develop the understanding about different solution methods to solve nonlinear Programing problems.    3. Apply and differentiate the need and importance of various algorithms to solve scalar and multi-objective optimization problems.  4. Employ programming languages like MATLAB/Python to solve nonlinear programing problems.  5. Model and solve several problems arising in science and engineering as a nonlinear optimization problem. |
| **Assessment Method** | Quiz /Assignment/ Project / MSE / ESE |

**Textbooks & Reference Books:**

1. C. R. Kothari, Research methodology: Methods and Techniques, 3rd Edn., New age International 2014.
2. Mark N K. Saunders, Adrian Thornhill, Phkip Lewis, “Research Methods for Studies, 3/c Pearson Education, 2010.
3. K.N. Krishnaswamy, apa iyer, siva kumar, m. Mathirajan, “Management Research Methodology”, Pearson Education, 2010.
4. Ranjit Kumar; “Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for Beginners; 2/e; Pearson Education, 2010.
5. Suresh C. Sinha, Anil K. Dhiman, ess ess, 2006 “Research Methodology” Panner Selvam.R. “Research Methodology”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.
6. C.G. Thomas, Research methodology and scientific writing, Ane books, Delhi, 2015.
7. H. J. Ader and G. J. Mellenbergh, Research Methodology in the Social, Behavioural and Life Sciences Designs, Models and Methods, 3rd Edn., Sage Publications, London, 2000.

**Interdisciplinary Elective (IDE) Course for M. Tech. (Available to students other than ME)**

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| **IDE** | | | | | | |
| **Sl. No.** | **Subject Code** | **Subject** | **L** | **T** | **P** | **C** |
|  | ME6113 | Soft Computing Application in Engineering | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

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| Course Number | **ME6113** |
| Course Credit | L-T-P-C: **3-0-0-3** |
| Course Title | **Soft Computing Application in Engineering** |
| Pre-requisite | NIL |
| Learning Mode | Classroom Lecture |
| Learning Objectives | * Introduce students to soft computing concepts and techniques and foster their abilities in designing and implementing soft computing based solutions for real-world and engineering problems. * Introduce students to fuzzy systems, fuzzy logic and its applications. * Explain the students about Artificial Neural Networks and various categories of ANN. * Integrating traditional and nontraditional optimizing algorithm to build robust soft computing tool for various applications |
| Course Description | This course is designed to fulfil the requirement of systems per se considering the inevitable nonlinearity in the system, which is usually ignored in analyzing system dynamics. Chaos and Hyper Chaos are frequently observed in systems and in general unattended. |
| **Course Outline** | Chapter-I: FUZZY Modeling  Fuzzy Sets: Basic Definition and Terminology, Set-theoretic Operations: Member Function Formulation and Parameterization, Fuzzy Rules and Fuzzy Reasoning, Extension Principle and Fuzzy Relations: Fuzzy If-Then Rules – Fuzzy Inference Systems – Mamdani, Sugeno and Tsukamoto Fuzzy Models – Input Space Partitioning and Fuzzy Modeling.  Chapter-II: NEURAL NETWORKS  Supervised Learning Neural Networks – Perceptrons - Adaline – Backpropagation Mutilayer Perceptrons – Radial Basis Function Networks – Unsupervised Learning Neural Networks – Kohonen Self-Organizing Networks – Hebbian Learning, The Hopfield Network, Competitive Learning Networks – ART networks  Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference Systems – Architecture – Hybrid Learning Algorithms  Chapter-III: OPTIMIZATION  Classical techniques: The Method of Steepest Descent, Classical Newton’s Method, Advanced optimization techniques: Genetic Algorithms, Simulated Annealing, Particle swarm optimization  Chapter-IV: Applications  Manufacturing, Image Processing, Stock Marketing |
| Learning Outcome | After successful completion of this course, student will be able to   * Understand soft computing techniques and their role in problem solving. * Conceptualize and parameterize various problems to be solved through basic soft computing techniques. * Analyze and integrate various soft computing techniques in order to solve problems effectively and efficiently. |
| Assessment Method | Mid Semester Examination (25%), End Semester examination (35%), Class test & quiz (30%), Assignment (10%) |

Text Books:

1. J.S.R.Jang, C.T.Sun and E.Mizutani, “Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing”, PHI, 2004, Pearson Education, New Edition
2. Haykin S., Neural networks a comprehensive foundation, Prentice Hall, NJ, USA, New edition.
3. Arnold Kaufmann and Madan M Gupta, Introduction to fuzzy arithmetic theory and application, International Thomson computer press, New Edition
4. Optimization in Engineering Design - Kalyanlmoy Deb, PHI, New Edition
5. Davis E.Goldberg, “Genetic Algorithms: Search, Optimization and Machine Learning”, Addison Wesley, N.Y., New Edition.

Reference Books:

1. S. Rajsekharan and G. A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, Neural networks, Fuzzy Logic, and Genetic algorithms synthesis and applications, New Delhi, PHI Publication, New Edition
2. Ham F. and Kostanic I., Principles of Neurocomputing for Science and Engineering, New York, Mcgraw-Hill, New Edition
3. Optimization methods - S. S.Rao, Wiley-Interscience, New Edition
4. J. S. Arora, Introduction to Optimum Design, Academic Press, New Edition
5. Timothy J.Ross, “Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications”, McGraw-Hill, New Edition.